

Material Safety Data Sheet

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MEGAPOSIT(TM) SPR(TM) 220-3.0 Positive Photoresist

Revision date: 08/23/2004

Supplier Rohm and Haas Electronic Materials LLC

455 Forest Street

Marlborough, MA 01752 United States of America

For non-emergency information contact: 508-481-7950

Emergency telephone number

Chemtrec 800-424-9300 Rohm and Haas Emergency 215-592-3000

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS-No.	Concentration
Ethyl lactate	97-64-3	30.0 - 50.0 %
Anisole	100-66-3	15.0 - 25.0 %
Diazo Photoactive Compound		< 10.0 %
Cresol novolak resin		< 35.0 %
Cresol	1319-77-3	< 0.5 %
2-Methyl Butyl Acetate	624-41-9	< 5.0 %
n-amyl acetate	628-63-7	< 10.0 %
Organic Siloxane Surfactant		< 1.0 %

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance

Form liquid

Colour Red Amber

Odour ester-like

Page 1 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

Hazard Summary CAUTION! Combustible liquid and vapor. Causes irritation to eyes, nose, and respiratory tract. Prolonged, repeated contact, inhalation, ingestion, or absorption through the skin, may cause toxic effects to internal organ systems (liver, kidney, central nervous system).

Potential Health Effects

Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact, absorption.

Eyes: May cause pain, transient irritation and superficial corneal effects.

Skin: Material may cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may have the following effects: central nervous system depression drowsiness defatting of skin leading to irritation and dermatitis

Ingestion: Swallowing may have the following effects: irritation of mouth, throat and digestive tract Repeated doses may have the following effects: central nervous system depression drowsiness

Inhalation: Inhalation may have the following effects: irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract Higher concentrations may have the following effects: systemic effects similar to those resulting from ingestion

Target Organs: Eye Respiratory System Skin nervous system

Carcinogenicity

Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC, and OSHA

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact: Wash skin with water. Continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.

Eye contact: Immediately flush the eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention if soreness or redness persists.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Have victim drink 1-3 glasses of water to dilute stomach contents. Induce vomiting if person is conscious. Immediate medical attention is required Never administer anything by mouth if a victim is losing conciousness, is unconcious or is convulsing.

Page 2 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

Notes to physician

Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point $45 \,^{\circ}\text{C} \, (113 \,^{\circ}\text{F})$

Suitable extinguishing media:Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.
Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: This product may give rise to hazardous vapors in a fire. Vapors can travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and result in flashback.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information: Pressure may build up in closed containers with possible liberation of combustible vapors.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions

Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection. Eliminate all ignition sources.

Environmental precautions

Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

Do not discharge directly to a water source.

Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Methods for cleaning up

Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g., sand, earth).

Transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal.

Finally flush area with plenty of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling

Use local exhaust ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container tightly closed.

Further information on storage conditions: Keep away from heat, sparks, flame, and other sources of ignition. Practice good personal hygiene to prevent accidental exposure.

Storage

Storage conditions: Store in original container. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition.

Storage area should be: cool dry well ventilated out of direct sunlight

Page 3 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure limit(s)

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Rohm and Haas	TWA	5 ppm
Rohm and Haas	STEL	15 ppm
Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Rohm and Haas	TWA	5 ppm
Rohm and Haas	STEL	10 ppm
Regulation	Type of listing	Value
ACGIH	TWA	22 mg/m3 5 ppm
ACGIH	Skin	
OSHA TRANS	PEL	22 mg/m3 5 ppm
OSHA_TRANS	Skin	0
Regulation	Type of listing	Value
Rohm and Haas	TWA	50 ppm
Rohm and Haas	STEL	100 ppm
ACGIH	TWA	50 ppm
ACGIH ACGIH	TWA STEL	50 ppm 100 ppm
ACGIH		
ACGIH ACGIH	STEL	100 ppm
ACGIH ACGIH Regulation	STEL Type of listing	100 ppm Value 50 ppm
ACGIH ACGIH Regulation Rohm and Haas	STEL Type of listing TWA	100 ppm Value 50 ppm 100 ppm
ACGIH ACGIH Regulation Rohm and Haas Rohm and Haas	Type of listing TWA STEL	100 ppm Value 50 ppm
	Rohm and Haas Rohm and Haas Rohm and Haas Regulation Rohm and Haas Rohm and Haas Regulation ACGIH ACGIH ACGIH OSHA_TRANS OSHA_TRANS OSHA_TRANS Regulation Rohm and Haas	Rohm and Haas Regulation ACGIH ACGIH ACGIH Skin OSHA_TRANS PEL OSHA_TRANS Skin Regulation Type of listing Rohm and Haas TWA

Eye protection: goggles

Hand protection: Butyl rubber gloves. Other chemical resistant gloves may be recommended by your safety professional.

Skin and body protection: Normal work wear.

Respiratory protection: Respiratory protection if there is a risk of exposure to high vapor concentrations. The specific respirator selected must be based on the airborne concentration found in the workplace and must not exceed the working limits of the respirator.

Engineering measures: Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred. Methods include process or personnel enclosure, mechanical ventilation (local exhaust), and control of process conditions.

Page 4 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance

Form liquid
Colour Red Amber
Odour ester-like

pH 7

Boiling point/range 150 °C (302 °F) **Flash point** 45 °C (113 °F)

Component: Ethyl lactate

Vapour pressure 1.7 mmHg at 20 °C

Component: Anisole

Vapour pressure 9.7 mmHg at 42 °C

Relative vapour density Heavier than air.

Water solubility insoluble Relative density 1.09

Evaporation rate Slower than ether

VOC's 710 g/l

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Hazardous reactions Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to avoid High temperatures Static discharge

Materials to avoid Oxidizing agents bases acids

Hazardous decomposition

oxides (NOx),

products

polymerization Will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, phenols, oxides of sulfur, nitrogen

Component: Ethyl lactate

Acute oral toxicity LD50 rat >2,000 mg/kg

Component: Anisole

Page 5 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

Acute oral toxicity LD50 rat 3,700 mg/kg

Component: Cresol

Acute oral toxicity LD50 rat 2,737 mg/kg

Component: n-amyl acetate

Acute oral toxicity LD50 rat >1,600 mg/kg

Component: Ethyl lactate

Acute inhalation LC50 rat >5,400 mg/m3

toxicity

Component: Anisole

Acute inhalation LC50 rat >5 mg/l

toxicity

Component: Cresol

Acute inhalation LC50 rat 8 h 35.38 mg/l

toxicity

Component: n-amyl acetate

Acute inhalation 16,000 mg/m3

toxicity

Component: Ethyl lactate

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 rat >5,000 mg/kg

Component: Cresol

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 rabbit > 5,000 mg/kg

Component: n-amyl acetate

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 rabbit >17,500 mg/kg

Component: Ethyl lactate

Skin irritation A single application to rabbit skin produced mild irritation.

Component: Anisole

Skin irritation A single application to rabbit skin produced mild irritation.

Component: Ethyl lactate

Eye irritation Single application to the rabbit eye produced conjunctival irritation.

Component: Anisole

Sensitization Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

Component: Ethyl lactate
Toxicity to reproduction

No adverse reproductive effects were observed in experimental animals.

Component: <u>Cresol</u>

Toxicity to reproduction

Developmental effects were seen in laboratory animals only at dose levels that were maternally

toxic.

Component: <u>n-amyl acetate</u> Toxicity to reproduction

Exposure of pregnant rabbits to vapor at 1500 ppm resulted in maternal toxicity.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Page 6 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

Ethyl lactate

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to aquatic EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h

invertebrates 683 mg/l

Anisole

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish LC50 Carp 48 h

120 mg/l

Toxicity to aquatic EC50 Daphnia magna 24 h

invertebrates 11 mg/l

n-amyl acetate

Ecotoxicity effects

Toxicity to fish LC50 Mosquito fish (Gambusia affinis) 96 h

65 mg/l

Toxicity to algae EC50 Algae 24 h

550 mg/l

Toxicity to aquatic

EC50 Daphnia magna 24 h

invertebrates 210 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Environmental precautions: Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses.

Do not discharge directly to a water source.

Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Disposal

Dispose in accordance with all local, state (provincial), and federal regulations. Incineration is the recommended method of disposal for containers. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product's user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because the product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc. may render the resulting materials hazardous.

Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT

Not regulated per 49CFR 173.150(f)(2)

IMO/IMDG

Proper shipping name RESIN SOLUTION

UN-No UN 1866

Page 7 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

Class 3 Packing group III

Transportation classifications may vary by container volume and may be influenced by regional or country variations in regulations

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III: Section 311/312 Categorizations (40CFR370): Immediate, delayed, flammability hazard

SARA TITLE III: Section 313 Information (40CFR372)

This product does not contain a chemical which is listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations.

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D):

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D) This product does not contain any substances subject to Section 12(b) export notification.

EU

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

California (Proposition 65)

This product does not contain materials which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating

	Health	Fire	Reactivity
NFPA	2	2	0

Legend

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
Butyl acetate
Occupational Safety and Health Administration
Permissible Exposure Limit
Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
Threshold Limit Value
Time Weighted Average (TWA):
Bar denotes a revision from prior MSDS.

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe

Page 8 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004

handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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Page 9 of 9 Revision date 08/23/2004