# Material Safety Data Sheet



Diborane

## Section 1. Chemical product and company identification

Product name : Diborane

Supplier : AIRGAS INC., on behalf of its subsidiaries

259 North Radnor-Chester Road

Suite 100

Radnor, PA 19087-5283

1-610-687-5253

Product use : Synthetic/Analytical chemistry.

Synonym: boroethane; boron hydride; diborane; diboron hexahydride; diborane(6)

MSDS # : 001071 Date of : 4/6/2010.

**Preparation/Revision** 

<u>In case of emergency</u> : 1-866-734-3438

### Section 2. Hazards identification

Physical state : Gas. [COLORLESS GAS WITH A REPULSIVE, SWEET ODOR]

**Emergency overview** : WARNING!

FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Avoid breathing gas. May cause target organ damage, based on animal data. Use only with

adequate ventilation. Keep container closed.

Contact with rapidly expanding gases can cause frostbite.

Target organs : May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, mucous membranes,

upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Routes of entry : Inhalation

Potential acute health effects

**Eyes** : Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

: Contact with rapidly expanding gas may cause burns or frostbite.

**Inhalation**: Toxic by inhalation.

**Ingestion**: Ingestion is not a normal route of exposure for gases

Potential chronic health

effects

Skin

: CARCINOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

MUTAGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

TERATOGENIC EFFECTS: Not available.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at

risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (section 11)

## Section 3. Composition, Information on Ingredients

Name CAS number % Volume Exposure limits

Build 1.1 Page: 1/7

Diborane

19287-45-7 100 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009). Diborane

> TWA: 0.11 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m3 8 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hour(s).

### Section 4. First aid measures

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

: Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water Eye contact

for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

: In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes Skin contact

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. To avoid the risk of static discharges and gas ignition, soak contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical

attention immediately.

**Frostbite** : Try to warm up the frozen tissues and seek medical attention.

Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if Inhalation

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : As this product is a gas, refer to the inhalation section.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Flammable.

Auto-ignition temperature : 38 to 52°C (100.4 to 125.6°F)

Closed cup: -90.15°C (-130.3°F). Flash point

Flammable limits : Lower: 0.9% Upper: 98%

**Products of combustion** : No specific data.

Fire-fighting media and

: In case of fire, use water spray (fog), foam or dry chemical. instructions

> In case of fire, allow gas to burn if flow cannot be shut off immediately. Apply water from a safe distance to cool container and protect surrounding area. If involved in fire, shut

off flow immediately if it can be done without risk.

Contains gas under pressure. Flammable gas. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing **Special protective** apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. equipment for fire-fighters

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

**Personal precautions** Immediately contact emergency personnel. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Use suitable protective equipment (section 8). Shut off gas supply if this can be done safely.

Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains **Environmental precautions** 

and sewers.

Build 1.1 Page: 2/7

### Diborane

### Methods for cleaning up

Immediately contact emergency personnel. Stop leak if without risk. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Note: see section 1 for emergency contact information and section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Handling**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. High pressure gas. Do not puncture or incinerate container. Use equipment rated for cylinder pressure. Close valve after each use and when empty. Keep container closed. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. To avoid fire, eliminate ignition sources. Protect cylinders from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

#### **Storage**

: Keep container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Segregate from oxidizing materials. Cylinders should be stored upright, with valve protection cap in place, and firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked over. Cylinder temperatures should not exceed 52 °C (125 °F).

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Engineering controls**

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### **Personal protection**

**Eyes** 

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

### Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands** 

The applicable standards are (US) 29 CFR 1910.134 and (Canada) Z94.4-93

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary.

# Personal protection in case of a large spill

Self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) should be used to avoid inhalation of the product. Full chemical-resistant suit and self-contained breathing apparatus should be worn only by trained and authorized persons.

### **Product name**

diborane(6)

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2009).

TWA: 0.11 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hour(s).

NIOSH REL (United States, 6/2009).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 10 hour(s).

OSHA PEL (United States, 11/2006).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hour(s).

OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).

TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hour(s). TWA: 0.1 ppm 8 hour(s).

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

Build 1.1 Page: 3/7

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Molecular weight : 27.68 g/mole

Molecular formula : B2-H6

**Boiling/condensation point** : -92.2°C (-134°F) : -165°C (-265°F) **Melting/freezing point** : 16.7°C (62.1°F) Critical temperature Vapor pressure 536 (psig) Vapor density 1 (Air = 1)

Specific Volume (ft 3/lb) : 12.837 Gas Density (lb/ft 3) : 0.0779

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Stability and reactivity

The product is stable.

**Incompatibility with various** substances

Highly reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials and

moisture.

**Hazardous decomposition** products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

**Hazardous polymerization** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous polymerization will not occur.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

<u>T</u>	<u>OX</u>	Ci	<u>ty</u>	da	<u>ita</u>	1
Р	roc	ut	ct	/in	ar	e

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
diborane(6)	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	60 mg/m3	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	80 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Mouse	58 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	40 ppm	4 hours

Gas.

**IDLH** : 15 ppm

Chronic effects on humans May cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, liver, mucous membranes,

upper respiratory tract, skin, eyes, central nervous system (CNS).

Other toxic effects on

humans

: No specific information is available in our database regarding the other toxic effects of

this material to humans.

Specific effects

**Carcinogenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Mutagenic effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Reproduction toxicity No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Not available.

**Products of degradation** : Some metallic oxides.

**Environmental fate** : Not available.

**Environmental hazards** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Toxicity to the environment** : Not available.

Build 1.1 Page: 4/7

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

Product removed from the cylinder must be disposed of in accordance with appropriate Federal, State, local regulation.Return cylinders with residual product to Airgas, Inc.Do not dispose of locally.

## **Section 14. Transport information**

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Class	Packing group	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	UN1911	DIBORANE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	PRIALATION 2  PRIALATION 2  TRANSPORTED AND 2  2	Limited quantity Yes.  Packaging instruction Passenger aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.  Cargo aircraft Quantity limitation: Forbidden.  Special provisions 1
TDG Classification	UN1911	DIBORANE, COMPRESSED	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	2	Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index 0  ERAP Index 25  Passenger Carrying Ship Index Forbidden  Passenger Carrying Road or Rail Index Forbidden  Special provisions 38

Build 1.1 Page: 5/7

Diborane							
Mexico Classification	UN1911	DIBORANE	2.3	Not applicable (gas).	INMALTEN MALAGO	-	

"Refer to CFR 49 (or authority having jurisdiction) to determine the information required for shipment of the product."

## Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **United States**

U.S. Federal regulations

: United States inventory (TSCA 8b): This material is listed or exempted.

SARA 302/304/311/312 extremely hazardous substances: diborane(6) SARA 302/304 emergency planning and notification: diborane(6)

SARA 302/304/311/312 hazardous chemicals: diborane(6)

SARA 311/312 MSDS distribution - chemical inventory - hazard identification:

diborane(6): Fire hazard, reactive, Sudden release of pressure, Immediate (acute) health

hazard, Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: No products were found.
Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 accidental release prevention: diborane(6)

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated flammable substances: No products were found.

Clean Air Act (CAA) 112 regulated toxic substances: diborane(6)

: Connecticut Carcinogen Reporting: This material is not listed.

Connecticut Hazardous Material Survey: This material is not listed.

Florida substances: This material is not listed.

Illinois Chemical Safety Act: This material is not listed.

Illinois Toxic Substances Disclosure to Employee Act: This material is not listed.

Louisiana Reporting: This material is not listed.
Louisiana Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Spill: This material is not listed.
Massachusetts Substances: This material is listed.
Michigan Critical Material: This material is not listed.

Minnesota Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed. New Jersey Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

**New Jersey Spill:** This material is not listed.

New Jersey Toxic Catastrophe Prevention Act: This material is listed.

New York Acutely Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

New York Toxic Chemical Release Reporting: This material is not listed.

Pennsylvania RTK Hazardous Substances: This material is listed.

Rhode Island Hazardous Substances: This material is not listed.

### **Canada**

WHMIS (Canada)

State regulations

: Class A: Compressed gas.

Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

CEPA Toxic substances: This material is not listed.

Canadian ARET: This material is not listed.

Canadian NPRI: This material is not listed.

Alberta Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Ontario Designated Substances: This material is not listed. Quebec Designated Substances: This material is not listed.

Build 1.1 Page: 6/7

### Section 16. Other information

**United States** 

Label requirements : FLAMMABLE GAS.

MAY CAUSE FLASH FIRE. HARMFUL IF INHALED.

MAY CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE, BASED ON ANIMAL DATA.

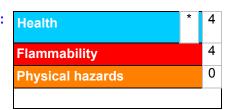
CONTENTS UNDER PRESSURE.

Canada

Label requirements : Class A: Compressed gas. Class B-1: Flammable gas.

Class D-1A: Material causing immediate and serious toxic effects (Very toxic).

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Build 1.1 Page: 7/7