**HYDROFLUORIC ACID EMERGENCY RESPONSE PROCEDURE**

NOTE: Because of the special hazards associated with hydrofluoric acid, it is important that the victim seek medical care even if the exposed area is small or the acid is dilute.  
Time is critical - do not delay medical treatment!

**SKIN CONTACT**

1. **Move victim immediately** under an emergency shower or other water source and flush affected area with large amounts of water. Remember to start flushing before removing clothing. Speed and thoroughness in washing is critical.
2. Carefully remove all contaminated clothing while continuing to flush affected area with water.
3. Continue to rinse affected, unclothed area for 5 minutes. While victim is being rinsed, someone should:
   a. Contact Public Safety at extension 852-6111
   b. State there has been a person exposed to hydrofluoric acid
   c. State their location
   d. Public Safety should arrange for subsequent transport to a medical facility
   e. Obtain a hydrofluoric acid MSDS and send it with victim to medical facility
4. **Immediately after thorough washing**, start massaging 2.5% calcium gluconate gel into the affected skin area. Neoprene or nitrile gloves should be worn (not latex) while applying the gel to prevent possible secondary exposures. Liberally apply gel often and massage the burn site continuously.
5. While affected areas are being treated with calcium gluconate gel, the victim should be thoroughly examined for other burn sites that may have been overlooked.
6. Medical personnel should see the victim for follow-up care as soon as possible. During transport to medical facility or while waiting for emergency response, continue massaging burn sites with calcium gluconate gel. Try to keep burned areas elevated while in transport.

**EYE CONTACT**

1. **Move victim immediately** to an emergency eyewash station and flush eyes gently with large amounts of water for at least 15 minutes. To aid in thorough cleansing, hold eyelids open and away from the eye while washing.
2. If the victim is wearing contact lenses, have the victim remove them if possible. Removal of contact lenses should not delay or interrupt flushing.
3. While victim’s eyes are being flushed, someone should:
   a. Contact Public Safety at extension 852-6111
   b. State there has been a person with an eye exposure to hydrofluoric acid
   c. State their location
   d. Public Safety should arrange for subsequent treatment or emergency response
   e. Obtain a hydrofluoric acid MSDS and send it with victim to medical facility
4. Medical personnel, preferably an eye specialist, should see the victim as soon as possible. During transport to medical facility, ice water compresses may be gently applied to the eyes.
5. **Do not use 2.5% calcium gluconate gel in eyes.**

**INHALATION OF VAPORS**

1. **Move victim immediately** to an area with fresh air. Keep victim calm and comfortable.
2. While victim is breathing fresh air, someone should:
   a. Contact Public Safety at extension 852-6111
   b. State there has been a person who has inhaled hydrofluoric acid vapor
   c. State their location
   d. Public Safety should arrange for subsequent treatment or emergency response
   e. Obtain a hydrofluoric acid MSDS and send it with victim to medical facility
3. Medical personnel should see the victim as soon as possible.

**INGESTION**

1. If the victim is conscious, have them immediately drink large amounts of water as quickly as possible. This may help to dilute the acid. Milk or an antacid tablet taken with water may also help in providing an antidote effect.
2. While the victim is ingesting water, someone should:
   a. Contact Public Safety at extension 852-6111
   b. State there has been a person who has ingested hydrofluoric acid
   c. State their location
   d. Public Safety should arrange for subsequent treatment or emergency response
   e. Obtain a hydrofluoric acid MSDS and send it with victim to medical facility
3. Medical personnel should see the victim immediately because HF ingestion is a life-threatening emergency.

**Questions? Call the University of Louisville Department of Environmental Health and Safety at 852-6670.**

University of Louisville, Department of Environmental Health & Safety  
Modified on October 8, 2007  
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