Access, Opportunity & Achievement:

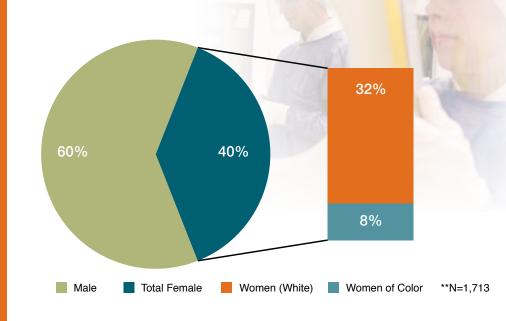
A COSW Report on Gender Representation at UofL for 2013





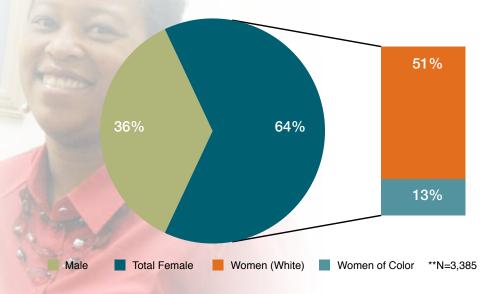
# Full-time Faculty

Percentage of full-time faculty, reported by gender. Statistical information for women also reports percentage of white women and percentage of women of color\*.



# Full-time Staff, Administrators and Other

Percentage of full-time staff and administrators, reported by gender. Statistical information for women also reports percentage of white women and percentage of women of color\*.



Source: November 2013 census file as reported to Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS) Footnotes:

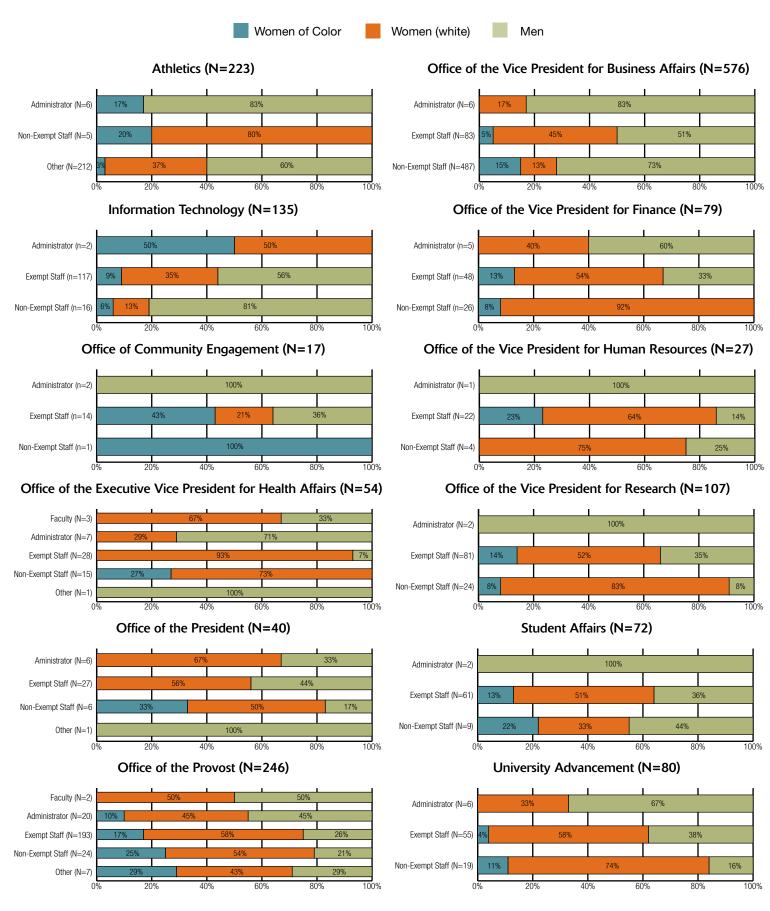
- 1. Categories may not equal 100% due to rounding.
- 2. Employees classifed as "Other" are individuals who are employed on a contractual basis.
- 3. Data represent full-time employees as of November 1, 2013.
- 4. Employees are classified by their primary job record within PeopleSoft.
- Employees are classified within the home department of their primary appointment within PeopleSoft.
  Women of color were defined as "American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian, Black/African American,
- Hispanic/Latino, Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, Two or more races, and Unknown/Unspecifed." 7. Non-resident aliens have been excluded.

The University of Louisville's Commission on the Status of Women (COSW) is a presidential commission approved by the board of trustees in 1994, with the first members having been appointed in 1995. The COSW has been charged to advise the president on issues, policies and practices that affect women at the University of Louisville and to report regularly to the president and the university community on the status of women. In 1994, the Report of the Task Force on the Status of Women presented the status of women in all employment categories, explored contributing and perpetuating factors, and recommended changes to positively influence the status of and career opportunities for women while improving the climate for all University of Louisville employees. In 2009, the COSW updated the 1994 Task Force Report to assess progress during the past 15 years (louisville.edu/cosw/ task-force-report/task-force-report. html). Results showed that although the number of women employed at UofL has increased, the ratio of women to men employed has not improved.

To build on the 2011 report, the purpose of this document is to provide information on employment status, to be assessed annually, as the university works toward increasing the opportunities for women.

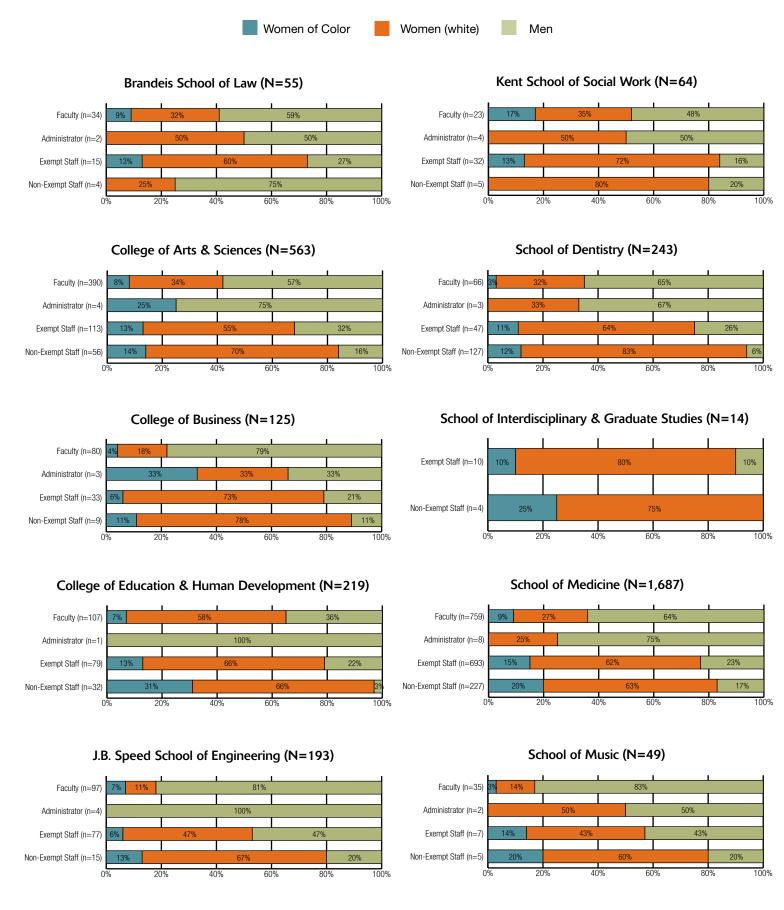
# Full-time Employees

Percentage of full-time employees, reported by gender, in each administrative unit. Statistical information for women also reports percentage of white women and percentage of women of color.



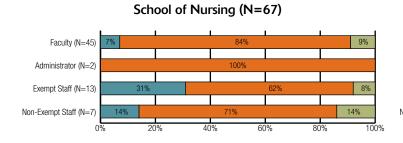
# Full-time Employees

Percentage of full-time employees, reported by gender, in each administrative unit. Statistical information for women also reports percentage of white women and percentage of women of color.

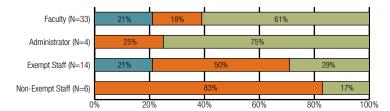


"Without adversity, there would be no growth, and without growth, there would be no lesson to be learned."

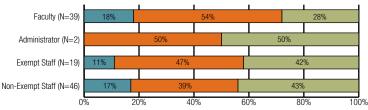
- Michelle Cruz-Rosado



#### School of Public Health & Information Sciences (N=57)



University Libraries (N=106)



#### Footnotes:

- 1. Categories may not equal 100% due to rounding.
- 2. Employees classifed as "Other" are individuals who are employed on a contractual basis.
- 3. Data represent full-time employees as of November 1, 2013.
- 4. Employees are classified by their primary job record within PeopleSoft.
- 5. Employees are classified within the home department of their primary appointment within PeopleSoft.
- Women of color were defined as "American Indian/Alaska Native, Asian, Black/African American, Hispanic/Latino, Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander, Two or more races, and Unknown/Unspecifed."
- 7. Non-resident aliens have been excluded.
- 8. Graduate Teaching/Research Assistants have been excluded.



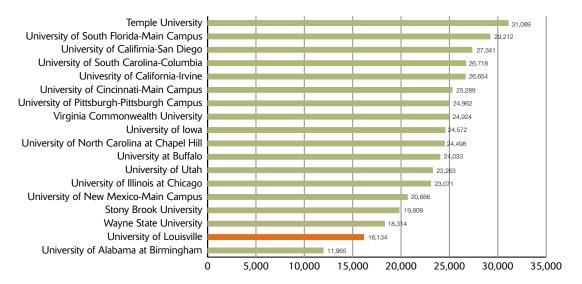
# Benchmark Institutions Comparison (Fall 2012)

Source: US Department of Education (IPEDS) Peer Analysis Tool

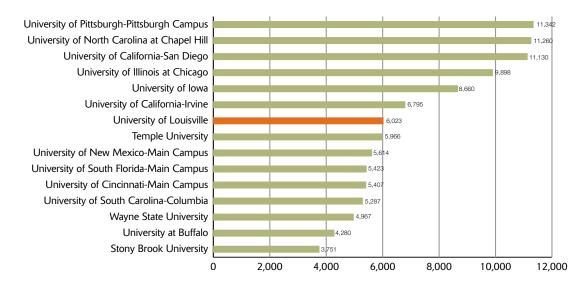
Benchmark Institutions

UofL

### FULL-TIME ENROLLMENT, FALL 2012



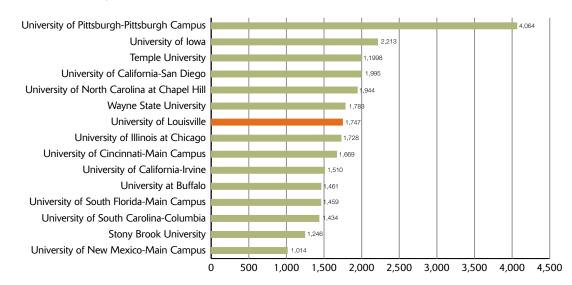
#### FULL-TIME EMPLOYEES, FALL 2012



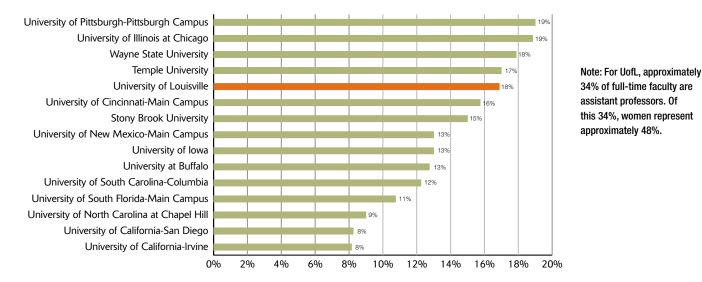
### FULL-TIME FACULTY, FALL 2012

Note: For UofL, approximately 34% of full-time employees

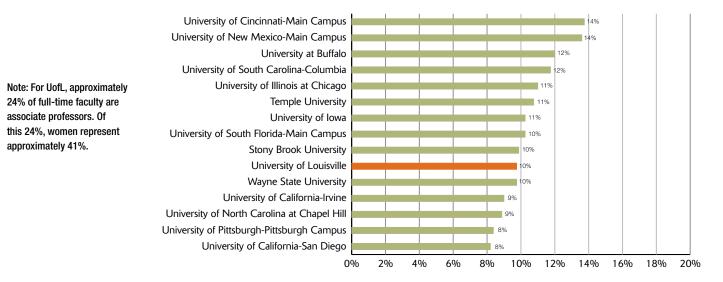
are faculty.



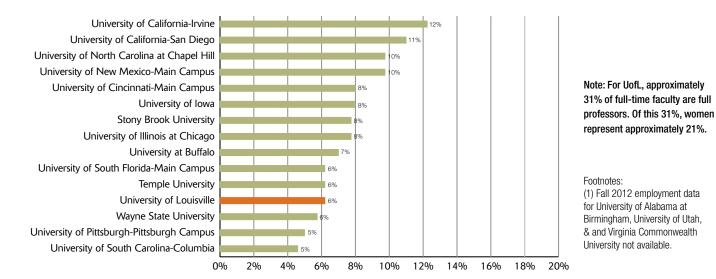
### PERCENTAGE OF FULL-TIME WOMEN ASSISTANT PROFESSORS TO TOTAL FULL-TIME FACULTY, FALL 2012



## PERCENTAGE OF FULL-TIME WOMEN ASSOCIATE PROFESSORS TO TOTAL FULL-TIME FACULTY, FALL 2012



#### PERCENTAGE OF FULL-TIME WOMEN FULL PROFESSORS TO TOTAL FULL-TIME FACULTY, FALL 2012







Sources: November 2013 census file as reported to the Integrated Postsecondary Education Data System (IPEDS); U.S. Department of Education IPEDS peer analysis tool

The annual report details data about full-time faculty and administrators/staff only. This methodology differs from that used in the 'Access, opportunity, and

achievement fifteen years later: a 2009 update on the 1994 report of the task force on the status of women' which includes both full-time and part-time employee counts.

Prepared by the Office of Academic Planning and Accountability (June 2013)