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Research Seminar

When: April 14, 2022

Time: 12:00 p.m.

Location: CBL-16

Solution Processing of NiO_x for Large Area Perovskite Solar Cells

Abstract

Ever growing energy and environmental concerns has led to a significant rise in the development of renewable energy alternatives such as solar. In the last decade metal halide perovskites have emerged as a scalable alternative to silicon through solution processing. Despite record devices reaching as high as 25% photoconversion efficiency for small area devices, the development of large area deposition systems on plastic and glass needs improvement.¹ Additionally, the large area deposition of charge transfer materials that are stable and low cost, such as nickel oxide (NiO_x), is significantly underdeveloped. Herein we describe a series of NiO_x nanoparticles and suspensions for large area deposition by blade coating and roll-to-roll coating for use both on top of and underneath the metal halide perovskite. NiO_x is a p-type semiconductor with high optical transmittance, high charge carriers, good environmental stability, and favorable band alignment with perovskites, making it an ideal choice for the hole transport layer (HTL) of a perovskite device.^{3,4} For deposition on the perovskite surface the HTL needs to be suspended in a perovskite antisolvent such as chlorobenzene. Previous work to stabilize NiO_x in chlorobenzene has focused on using long insulating alkyl chains ligands with limited success.⁵ The effects of varying the chain length were explored through a series of xanthate ligands. It was found that by using a coordinate solvent system we were able to successfully suspend NiO_x in a chlorobenzene system without the use of long alkyl chain ligand.⁶ By combining solution composition with post deposition treatment, we have developed a NiO_x system for uniform large area deposition on plastic substrates on a roll-to-roll system. The incorporation of a copper dopant and annealing with intense pulsed light and corona discharge further improved charge extraction and overall device performance. The resulting high-performance devices demonstrate the large-scale application of NiO_x as an effective hole transport material and the feasibility of upscaling perovskite solar cell fabrication.

References

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