1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

MICROPOSIT™ SC™ 1827 Positive Photoresist

Supplier
Rohm and Haas Electronic Materials LLC
455 Forest Street
Marlborough, MA 01752 United States of America

Revision date: 04/02/2004

For non-emergency information contact: 508-481-7950

Emergency telephone number
Chemtrec 800-424-9300
Rohm and Haas Emergency 215-592-3000

2. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>CAS-No.</th>
<th>Concentration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diazo Photoactive Compound</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.0 - &lt;= 10.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nonionic surfactant</td>
<td></td>
<td>&lt; 1.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mixed cresol novolak resin</td>
<td></td>
<td>10.0 - &lt;= 30.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate</td>
<td>108-65-6</td>
<td>65.0 - &lt;= 76.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cresol</td>
<td>1319-77-3</td>
<td>&lt; 0.9 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Appearance
Form: viscous liquid
Colour: red
Odour: sweet

CAUTION!
Combustible liquid and vapor. Causes irritation to eyes, nose, and respiratory tract. Prolonged, repeated contact, inhalation, ingestion, or absorption through the skin, may cause toxic effects to internal organ systems (liver, kidney, central nervous system).
Primary Routes of Entry: Inhalation, ingestion, eye and skin contact, absorption.

Eyes: May cause pain, transient irritation and superficial corneal effects.

Skin: Material may cause irritation. Prolonged or repeated exposure may have the following effects: drowsiness defatting and drying of the skin which can lead to irritation and dermatitis central nervous system depression kidney damage liver damage

Ingestion: Swallowing may have the following effects: irritation of mouth, throat and digestive tract headache nausea vomiting Repeated doses may have the following effects: central nervous system depression liver damage kidney damage

Inhalation: Inhalation may have the following effects: irritation of nose, throat and respiratory tract Higher concentrations may have the following effects: systemic effects similar to those resulting from ingestion

Target Organs: Eye Respiratory System nervous system Liver Kidney Skin

Carcinogenicity Not considered carcinogenic by NTP, IARC, and OSHA

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation: Remove from exposure. If there is difficulty in breathing, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if symptoms persist.

Skin contact: Wash skin with water. Continue washing for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if blistering occurs or redness persists.

Eye contact: Immediately flush the eye with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eye open. Obtain medical attention if soreness or redness persists.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Have victim drink 1-3 glasses of water to dilute stomach contents. Induce vomiting if person is conscious. Immediate medical attention is required. Never administer anything by mouth if a victim is losing consciousness, is unconscious or is convulsing.

Notes to physician
Treat symptomatically.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point
40 - 46 °C (104 - 115 °F)

Suitable extinguishing media:
Use water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

Specific hazards during fire fighting: This product may give rise to hazardous vapors in a fire. Vapors can travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and result in flashback.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters: Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Further information: Pressure may build up in closed containers with possible liberation of combustible vapors.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions
Wear suitable protective clothing. Wear respiratory protection. Eliminate all ignition sources.

Environmental precautions
Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Do not discharge directly to a water source. Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Methods for cleaning up
Contain spills immediately with inert materials (e.g., sand, earth). Transfer into suitable containers for recovery or disposal. Finally flush area with plenty of water.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handling
Use local exhaust ventilation. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Keep container tightly closed.

Further information on storage conditions: Proprietary photoresist film contains approximately 2-4% of 2,3,4-trihydroxybenzophenone (THBP), which may sublime during soft-bake or hard-bake processing. THBP has low acute toxicity (LD50>5g/kg). Contact with eyes, skin or mucous membranes cause irritation. To prevent accumulation of THBP on equipment surfaces and ventilation ducts, preventative maintenance program including regular cleaning should be implemented. Wipe surfaces using an appropriate cleaning solvent when possible. Provide adequate general or local exhaust ventilation during the cleaning process. In situations where this is not possible or where solvent or dust concentrations become excessive, use an air purifying respirator with an organic vapor/toxic particulate cartridge. When cleaning residual THBP, wear protective gloves and adequate protective clothing to prevent skin contact. Practice good personal hygiene to prevent accidental exposure. Clean all protective clothing and equipment thoroughly after each use.
**Storage**

**Storage conditions:** Store in original container. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Storage area should be: cool, dry, well ventilated, out of direct sunlight.

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**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

**Exposure limit(s)**

Exposure limits are listed below, if they exist.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate</td>
<td>Rohm and Haas</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>30 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rohm and Haas</td>
<td>STEL</td>
<td>90 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Rohm and Haas</td>
<td>Absorbed via skin</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Regulation</th>
<th>Type of listing</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Cresol</td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>TWA</td>
<td>22 mg/m3 5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ACGIH</td>
<td>SKIN_DES</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA_TRANS</td>
<td>PEL</td>
<td>22 mg/m3 5 ppm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>OSHA_TRANS</td>
<td>SKIN_DES</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Eye protection:** goggles

**Hand protection:** Butyl rubber gloves. Other chemical resistant gloves may be recommended by your safety professional.

**Skin and body protection:** Normal work wear.

**Respiratory protection:** Respiratory protection if there is a risk of exposure to high vapor concentrations. The specific respirator selected must be based on the airborne concentration found in the workplace and must not exceed the working limits of the respirator.

**Engineering measures:** Engineering methods to prevent or control exposure are preferred. Methods include process or personnel enclosure, mechanical ventilation (local exhaust), and control of process conditions.

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**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Appearance**

- **Form:** viscous liquid
- **Colour:** red
- **Odour:** sweet
- **pH:** neutral
- **Boiling point/range:** 146 °C (295 °F)
- **Flash point:** 40 - 46 °C (104 - 115 °F)
Component: **Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate**

**Vapour pressure**  
3.7 mmHg at 20 °C

**Relative vapour density**  
Heavier than air.

**Water solubility**  
insoluble

**Relative density**  
1.05

**Evaporation rate**  
Slower than ether

**VOC's**  
697 - 768 g/l

NOTE: The physical data presented above are typical values and should not be construed as a specification.

### 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Hazardous reactions**  
Stable under normal conditions.

**Conditions to avoid**  
High temperatures  Static discharge

**Materials to avoid**  
Oxidizing agents

**Hazardous decomposition products**  
Combustion will generate:, Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, toxic fluorine compounds, nitrogen oxides (NOx), aldehydes, acrid smoke and irritating fumes,

**polymerization**  
Will not occur.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Component: **Nonionic surfactant**

**Acute oral toxicity**  
LD50 rat > 10,000 mg/kg

Component: **Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate**

**Acute oral toxicity**  
LD50 rat 8,532 mg/kg

Component: **Cresol**

**Acute oral toxicity**  
LD50 rat 2,737 mg/kg

Component: **Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate**

**Acute inhalation toxicity**  
LC50 rat 6 h 23.49 mg/l

Component: **Cresol**

**Acute inhalation toxicity**  
LC50 rat 8 h 35.38 mg/l

Component: **Nonionic surfactant**

**Acute dermal toxicity**  
> 5,000 mg/kg

Component: **Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate**
Acute dermal toxicity  LD50 rabbit >5,000 mg/kg

Component: Cresol
Acute dermal toxicity  LD50 rabbit > 5,000 mg/kg

Component: Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
Toxicity to reproduction
Dermal teratology testing of this solvent (with less than 3% beta isomer) revealed no maternally toxic, teratogenic or fetotoxic responses in rats or rabbits exposed to concentrations of 1,000 and 2,000 mg/kg per day.

Component: Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
Mutagenicity
No significant mutagenic response was observed and the carcinogenic potential of the material is therefore considered to be low.

Component: Cresol
Toxicity to reproduction
Developmental effects were seen in laboratory animals only at dose levels that were maternally toxic.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicological information on this product or its components appear in this section when such data is available.

Electronic grade propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate
Ecotoxicity effects
Toxicity to fish  LC50 Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) 96 h
                                   161 mg/l

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates  EC50 Daphnia magna 48 h
                                   >500 mg/l

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Environmental precautions: Prevent the material from entering drains or water courses. Do not discharge directly to a water source. Advise Authorities if spillage has entered watercourse or sewer or has contaminated soil or vegetation.

Disposal
Dispose in accordance with all local, state (provincial), and federal regulations. Incineration is the recommended method of disposal for containers. Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product's user to determine at the time of disposal, whether the product meets RCRA criteria for hazardous waste. This is because the product uses, transformations, mixtures, processes, etc. may render the resulting materials hazardous. Do not remove label until container is thoroughly cleaned. Empty containers may contain hazardous residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT
Not regulated per 49CFR 173.150(f)(2)

IMO/IMDG

Proper shipping name  RESIN SOLUTION  
UN-No  UN 1866  
Class  3  
Packing group  III

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA TITLE III: Section 311/312 Categorizations (40CFR370): Immediate, delayed, flammability hazard

SARA TITLE III: Section 313 Information (40CFR372)
This product does not contain a chemical which is listed in Section 313 at or above de minimis concentrations.

U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D): 
U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt D) 
This product does not contain any substances subject to Section 12(b) export notification.

US. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) All components of this product are in compliance with the inventory listing requirements of the U.S. Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substance Inventory.

California (Proposition 65)
This product does not contain materials which the State of California has found to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Hazard Rating

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>Fire</th>
<th>Reactivity</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>NFPA</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Legend

ACGIH  American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
BAC  Butyl acetate
OSHA  Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PEL  Permissible Exposure Limit
STEL  Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):
TLV  Threshold Limit Value
TWA  Time Weighted Average (TWA):
|  Bar denotes a revision from prior MSDS. |

Revision date  04/02/2004
The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.

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