2017 UofL Student Wellbeing & Resilience Report

This report highlights self-reported student behaviors from the Spring 2017 UofL Wellbeing & Resilience Survey (WBRS), and compares UofL students to college students nationwide (See Figures 1-5). Note: UofL WBRS does not have a time scale; NCHA is the last 12 months.

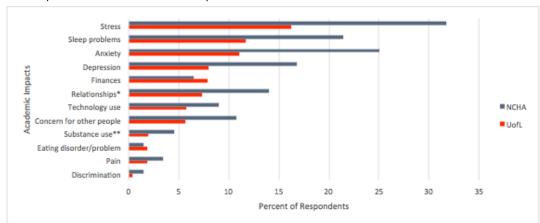


Figure 1: Responses to Academic Impacts

UofL reported lower rates than the national average of self-reported stress, sleep problems, anxiety, and relationship issues that have an academic impact.

UofL students experience greater financial stressors and disordered eating than the national average.



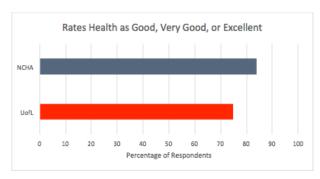
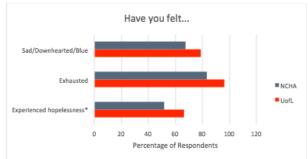


Figure 3: Responses to Feelings Associated With Depression



UofL students fall below the national average in self-reported health, and experience higher rates of depression symptoms than the average college student in the U.S.

^{*}Relationships combines Relationship Difficulties and Roommate Difficulties from NCHA

^{**}Substance use combines Alcohol Use and Drug Use from NCHA

Figure 4: Responses to Sexual Orientation

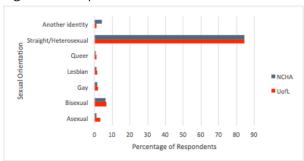
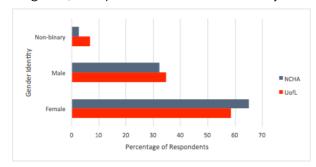


Figure 5: Responses to Gender Identity



Student Wellbeing

Informed by the Gallup Well-Being Index¹, Wellbeing includes the presence of positive emotions and moods (e.g., happiness) and the absence of negative emotions (e.g., depression); it also encompasses satisfaction with life, positive functioning, and fulfillment. The following wellbeing factors comprise overall wellbeing: purpose, social, financial, community, physical, and emotional/mental.

Top 10 Predictors of Positive Student Wellbeing

- 1. How satisfied students are with the quality of their sleep
- 2. How satisfied students are with the support they get from friends
- 3. How happy was students' childhood
- 4. How healthy students' physical environments are
- 5. How well students are able to accept their bodily appearance
- 6. How well students are able to concentrate
- 7. How often students move their bodies intentionally for fitness or fun
- 8. Sexual orientation
- 9. How often students did not meet academic expectations due to alcohol or drugs
- 10. How many vegetables students eat daily

Within our sample, there was good internal consistency (alpha=0.89). From the Public Health Surveillance –Well-Being Score, Wellbeing was dichotomized into Positive Wellbeing (PHS-WB Score ≥33) and Less than Positive Wellbeing (PHS-WB Score <33).

Overall, UofL students have a mean wellbeing score of 48.82 (SD=9.61), which corresponds to positive wellbeing per the cutoffs described above.

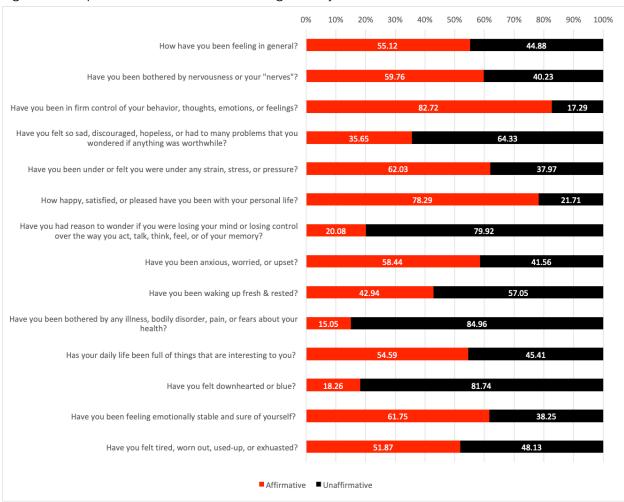
¹ Rath, T., & Harter, J. K. (2010). Well-being: The five essential elements. Gallup Press.

Optimistic about future Competent and capable Engaged and interested in daily activities Lead a purposeful and meaningful life Feel a sense of accomplishment Life has a clear sense of purpose Satisfied with life Life is full of interesting things 40% 0% 10% 20% 30% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100% Percent of Respondents ■ Affirmative response ■ Unaffirmative response

Figure 6: Responses to Public Health Surveillance - Well-Being Survey

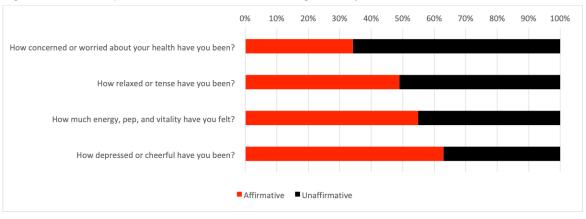
The vast majority of students are optimistic about the future, feel competent and capable, and have a clear sense of purpose.

Figure 7: Responses to General Wellbeing Survey

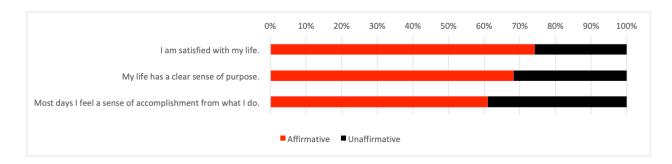


Over 75% of UofL students are satisfied with their personal life, and feel in control of their thoughts, emotions, and behavior. Over half report being anxious, exhausted, and under pressure.

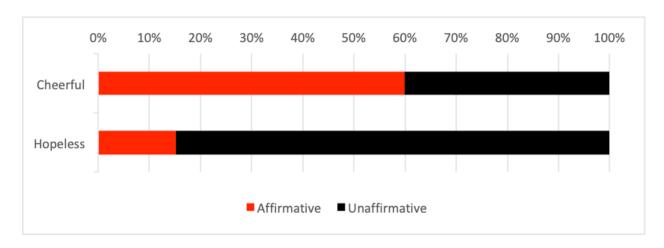
Figures 8-11: Responses to General Wellbeing Survey



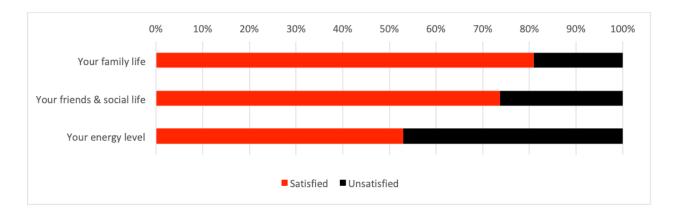
The majority of UofL students reported feeling cheerful, having adequate energy, and not concerned about their health. A slight majority of UofL students report feeling tense.



The vast majority of UofL students are satisfied with their life, have a clear sense of purpose, and feel a sense of accomplishment.



The vast majority of UofL students are hopeful and cheerful.



The vast majority of UofL students report being satisfied by their family life, friends, and social life. Just over half of UofL students are satisfied with their energy level.

Student Resilience

Resilience is the acquired capacity to be flexible in thoughts, feelings, and behaviors when facing life challenges in order to bounce back and move forward with confidence.

Top 8 Predictors of Positive High Student Resilience

- 1. How well students are able to concentrate
- 2. How well students are able to accept their bodily appearance
- 3. How often students move their bodies intentionally for fitness or fun
- 4. Sex (Male versus Female)
- 5. How satisfied students are with the support they get from friends
- 6. How often students felt they belonged to a community
- 7. How satisfied students are with the quality of their sleep
- 8. How healthy students' physical environments are

Brief Resilience Scale (BRS): The BRS is a six-item scale that measures resilience, defined as the "ability to bounce back." Within our sample, there was good internal consistency (alpha=0.88). Individual item scores are averaged for a total score ranging from 1 to 6. A higher score corresponds to a greater ability to recover from stress i.e., greater resilience.²

Brief Resilience Scale (BRS) cutoffs: Low = 1.00-2.99; Normal = 3.00-4.30; High = 4.31-6.00

Overall, UofL students have a mean resilience score of 3.40 (SD=0.81), which corresponds to "normal" resilience.

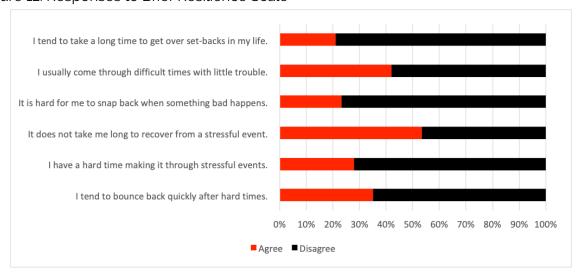


Figure 12: Responses to Brief Resilience Scale

Flourishing Scale (FS): The FS is an 8-item scale that measures psychosocial flourishing, or social-psychological prosperity, in areas important to human functioning such as

² Smith, B.W., Dalen, J., Wiggins, K., Tooley, E., Christopher, P., & Bernard, J. (2008). The brief resilience scale: Assessing the ability to bounce back. *International Journal of Behavioral Medicine*, *15*, 194-200.

relationships, self-esteem, purpose, and optimism and demonstrates good internal validity (alpha=0.92). The individual items are summed to provide a total psychological well-being score ranging from 8 to 56, with higher total scores representing a person with many psychological resources and strengths.³

The mean flourishing score in our sample of UofL students was 43.82 (SD=8.70).

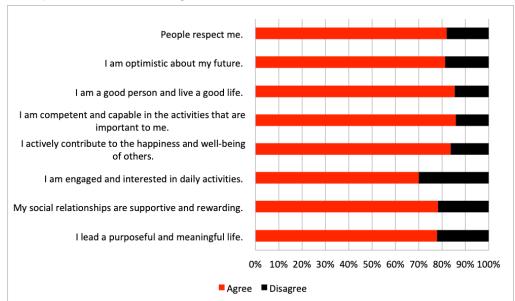
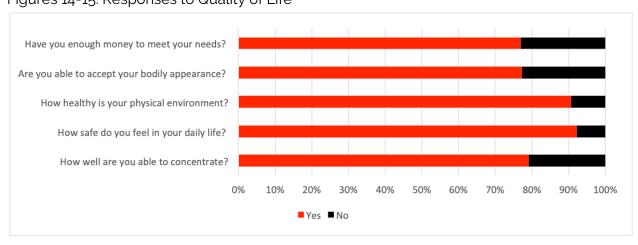


Figure 13: Responses to Flourishing Scale

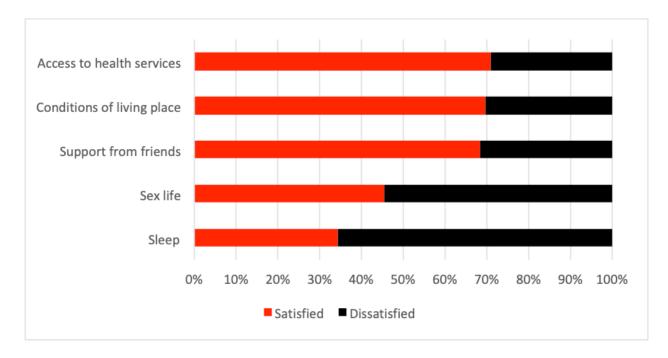
The vast majority of UofL students believe they are good people and others respect them. Most UofL students are engaged and interested in their daily activities, and report leading a meaningful life.



Figures 14-15: Responses to Quality of Life

³ Diener, E., Wirtz, D., Tov, W., Kim-Prieto, C., Choi, D., Oishi, S., & Biswas-Diener, R. (2009). New measures of wellbeing: Flourishing and positive and negative feelings. *Social Indicators Research*, *39*, 247-266.

Over 75% of UofL students accept their bodily appearance and are able to concentrate in their tasks. They reported feeling safe, living in a healthy physical environment, and have enough money to meet their needs.



The vast majority of UofL students are satisfied with their access to health services, conditions of their living place, and support from friends. Only a third of UofL students are satisfied with the quality of their sleep, and less than half feel good about their sex life.

Has Campus Health Services &/or Counseling Center helped you maintain your academic status?

In the past school year, did you NOT attend class because you didn't feel well?

Within the last 12 months, have you received healthcare services at Campus Health Services from a Physician, Physician Assistant, Nurse Practitioner, or Nurse?

Within the last 12 months, have you received healthcare services at Campus Health Services from a Psychiatrist &/or at the Counseling Center from a Counselor, Licensed Clinical Social Worker (LCSW), Marriage & Family Therapist (LMFT) or Psychologist?

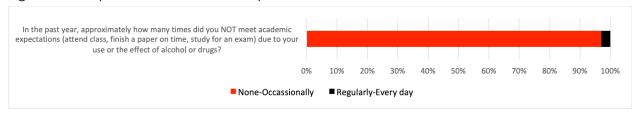
While enrolled at UofL have you ever been seen at Campus Health Services for a medical appointment?

0% 10% 20% 30% 40% 50% 60% 70% 80% 90% 100%

Figure 16: Responses to Campus Healthcare Services

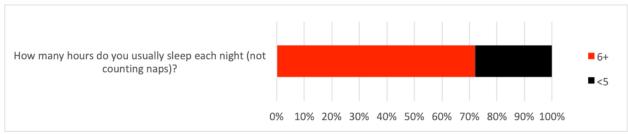
Over 60% of UofL students reported missing class due to illness. Less than 40% of UofL students sought medical services from Campus Health.

Figure 17: Responses to Academic Expectations and Alcohol & Substance Use



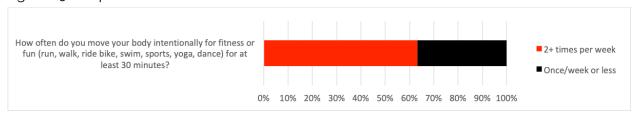
Less than 5% of UofL students did not meet an academic expectation due to the effect of alcohol or other substances.

Figure 18: Responses to Nighttime Sleep



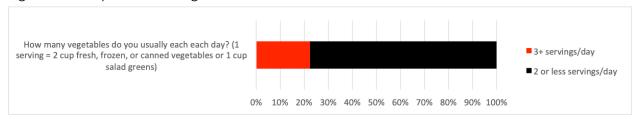
Over 70% of UofL students reported sleeping 6+ hours/night most nights.

Figure 19: Responses to Fitness & Movement



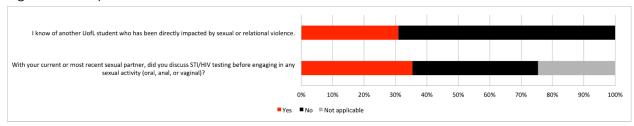
The majority of UofL students move their body intentionally for fitness or fun at least 30 minutes/day on average.

Figure 20: Responses to Vegetable Intake



The vast majority of UofL students do not eat enough vegetables in their diet.

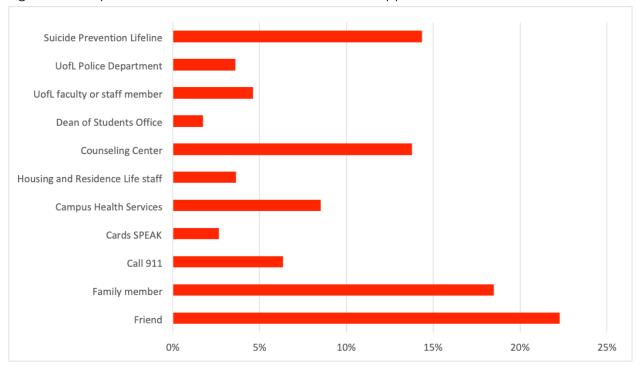
Figure 21: Responses to Relational Violence & Consent



Over 40% of UofL students who were sexually active did not discuss STI status with their partner before engaging in sexual activity.

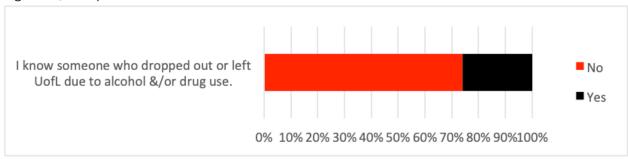
30% of UofL students know a fellow UofL student who has experienced sexual or relational violence.

Figure 22: Responses to Preferred Sources of Suicide Support



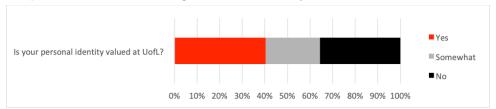
UofL students report they would seek out a friend, family member, the Suicide Prevention Lifeline, and/or the Counseling Center as their primary sources of support if they or another student were thinking about suicide.

Figure 23: Responses to Student Retention and Alcohol & Substance Use



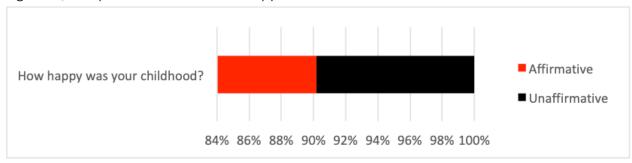
A quarter of UofL students know a former UofL student who dropped out due to alcohol or other substance use.

Figure 24: Responses to UofL Valuing Personal Identity



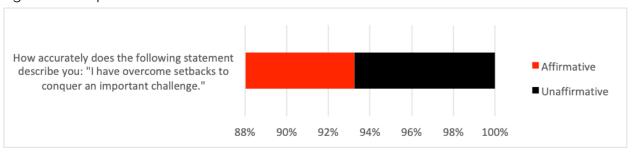
Only 40% of UofL students feel that their personal identity is valued at UofL.

Figure 25: Responses to Childhood Happiness



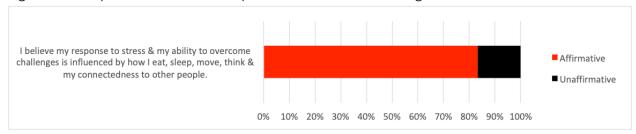
The vast majority of UofL students report having had a happy childhood.

Figure 26: Responses to Student Grit



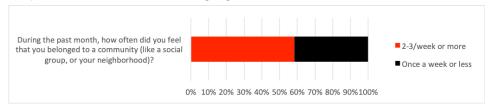
Over 90% of UofL students have overcome setbacks to conquer an important challenge.

Figure 27: Responses to Stress Response & Overall Wellbeing



The vast majority of UofL students understand the connection between their response to stress and their overall wellbeing.

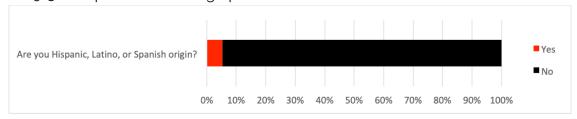
Figure 28: Responses to Sense of Belonging

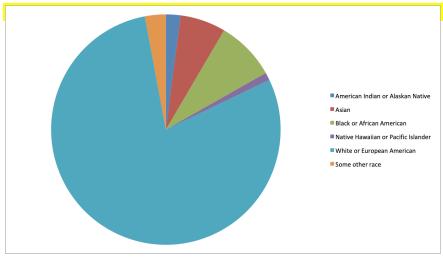


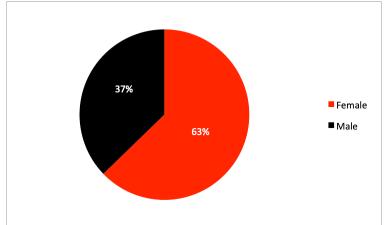
The majority of UofL students feel a sense of belonging to a social group or community.

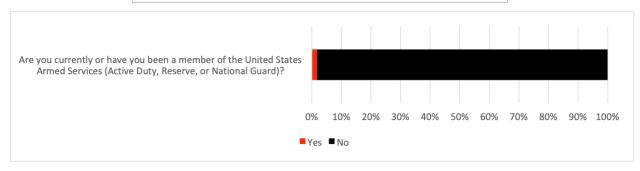
Demographics & Student Characteristics

Figure 29-32: Responses to Demographic Info:









The UofL Wellbeing & Resilience workgroup is comprised of faculty, staff, and students from Health Promotion, a division of Campus Health Services, School of Nursing, and School of Public Health & Information Sciences. The workgroup is committed to assessing and addressing the health and wellbeing needs of UofL students by improving the quality and reach of student wellbeing services and programs, sharing data with campus partners and stakeholders, and informing policy that promotes diversity, inclusion, and health equity.

Whom to Ask for Permission

You are obliged to make reasonable efforts to contact all persons or organizations with a legal interest in the work you wish to reproduce. In the case of the UofL Wellbeing & Resilience

requests to Sara Choate at sara.choate@louisville.edu.	

Survey, the Wellbeing & Resilience Workgroup will be able to grant permission. Please direct all